LSE Lionel Robbins Conference public discussion, in association with the LSE Institute of Public Affairs



Shaping Higher Education 50 Years after Robbins: what views to the future?

Dr Bahram Bekhradnia

Director, Higher Education Policy Institute

Rajay Naik

Director of Government and External Affairs. Open University

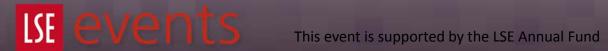
David Willetts MP

Minister for Universities & Science

Professor Craig Calhoun

Chair, LSE

Suggested hashtag for Twitter users: #LSERobbins



























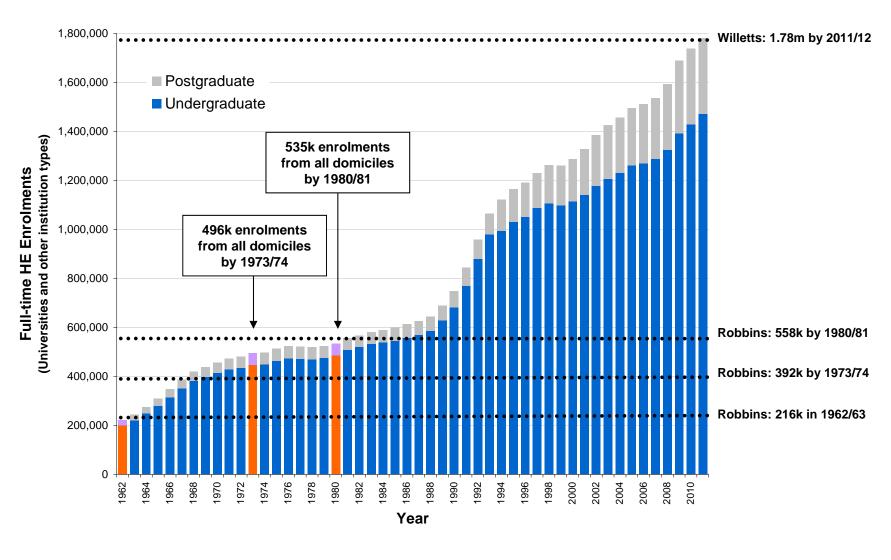
ROBBINS REVISITED

Bigger and Better
Higher Education
Rt Hon. David Willetts MP

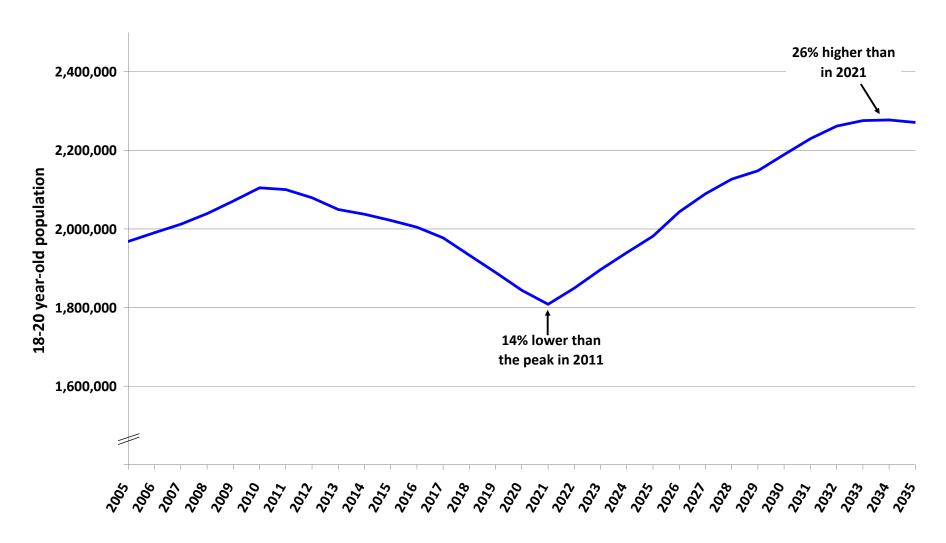
Robbins Terms of Reference

"to review the pattern of full-time higher education in Great Britain and in the light of national needs and resources to advise Her Majesty's Government on what principles its long-term development should be based. In particular, to advise, in the light of these principles, whether there should be any changes in that pattern, whether any new types of institution are desirable and whether any modifications should be made in the present arrangements for planning and co-ordinating the development of the various types of institution."

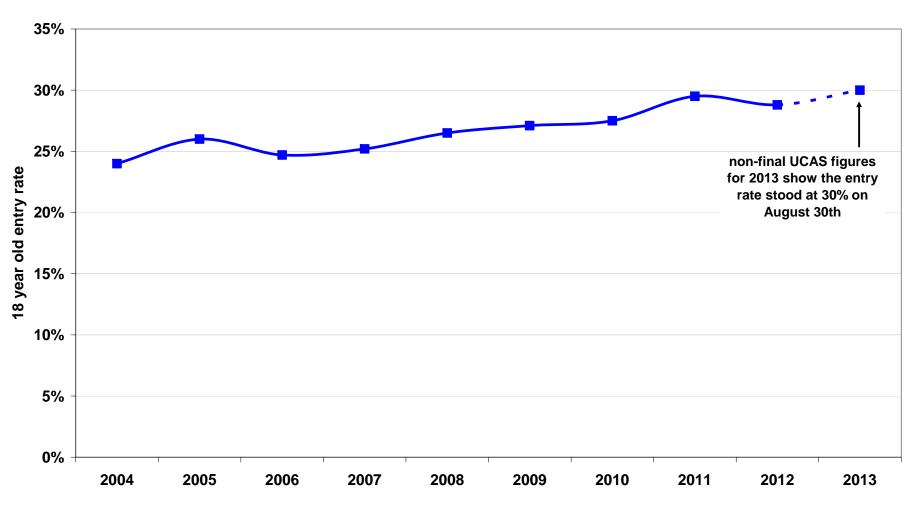
How Higher Education actually grew



Demography: 18-20 year olds

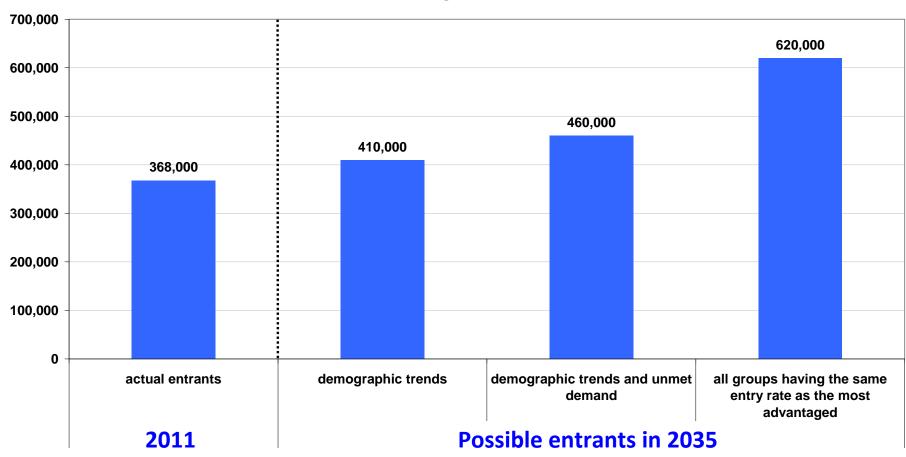


English 18 year old entry rates are at record levels



The different possible projections

Possible future English entrant numbers



Benefits associated with HE participation

Society

- Greater social cohesion

- Higher levels of tolerance (e.g. towards migrants)
- Lower propensity to commit crime
- Political stability
- Greater social mobility
- Social capital

Non-market -

- Greater propensity to vote
- Greater propensity to volunteer and participate in public debates
- Greater propensity to trust and tolerate others
- Lower propensity to commit (non-violent) crime
- Longer life expectancy
- Less likely to engage in unhealthy behaviours (e.g. heavy drinking, smoking)
- More likely to engage in preventative care / healthy behaviours (e.g. exercise, health screenings)
- Less likelihood of obesity
- More likely to cope with distress
- More leisure time

- Increased tax revenues

- Faster economic growth
- Greater labour market flexibility
- Increased productivity of co-workers
- Reduced burden on public finances from better co-ordination between HE policy and other social policy areas such as health and crime prevention

- Less exposure to unemployment

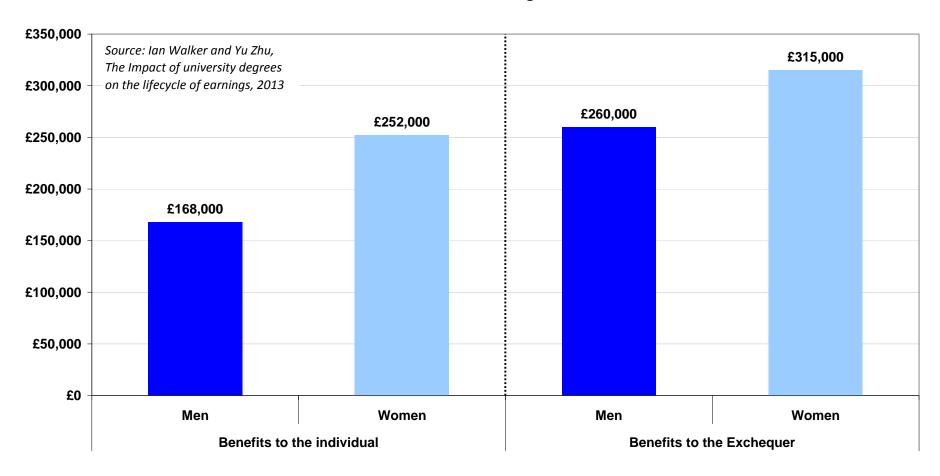
- Higher earnings
- Increased productivity

Market

Individual

Economic benefits of HE: public and private returns

Estimated Graduate Earnings Premium



Contact hours then and now

Average hours of teaching per week received by full-time students - Great Britain - Spring Term, 1961/62

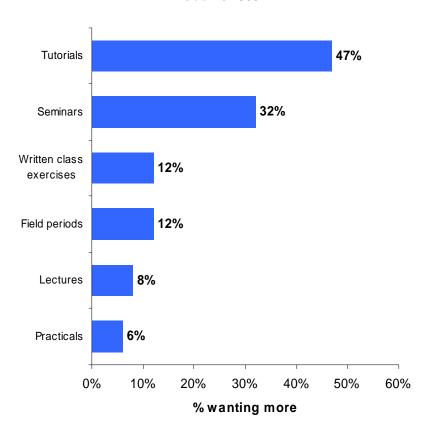
			ssion pe tended				
	Lectures	10 or more students	5-9 students	1-4 students	Practicals	Other teaching	All teaching
University group							
Oxford & Cambridge	6.3	0.2	0.2	1.6	2.4	0.3	11.0
London	7.8	0.9	0.7	0.4	5.2	0.7	15.7
Large Civic	8.2	0.6	0.6	0.3	5.4	0.7	15.8
Smaller civic	7.8	0.6	0.6	0.4	3.1	0.4	12.9
Wales	8.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	5.2	0.4	15.5
Scotland	9.6	0.7	0.4	0.2	5.5	0.6	17.0
All undergraduates	8.1	0.6	0.5	1.0	4.6	0.5	14.8

Average contact hours per week for full-time students - UK - Spring Term 2012/13

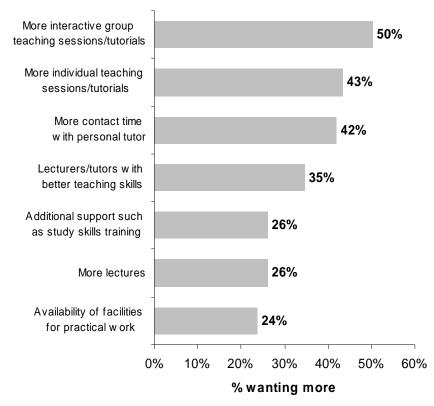
	Tea					
	More than 100 students	51-100 students	16-50 students	6-15 students	1-5 students	Total hours
University type						
Russell Group	3.4	2.3	3.1	2.5	1.6	12.9
Pre-92	2.2	2.3	3.7	2.4	0.9	11.6
Post-92	1.3	1.7	4.7	3.1	1.0	11.8
Specialist	1.4	1.5	5.2	3.3	2.7	14.0
All students	2.0	2.0	4.1	2.8	1.2	12.2

Views on teaching then and now

Undergraduates wanting more of this type of teaching: Robbins 1963



What would improve the quality of teaching and learning experience at your university? NUS 2012



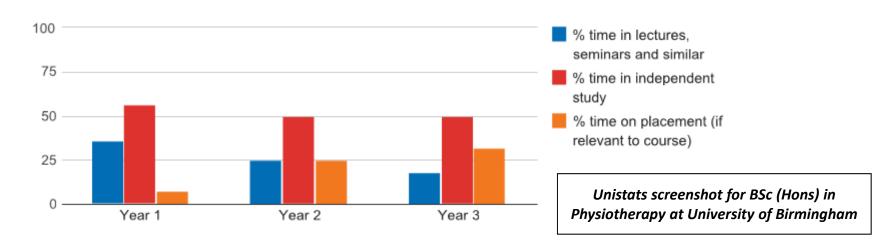
Teaching contact in the Key Information Set



26%

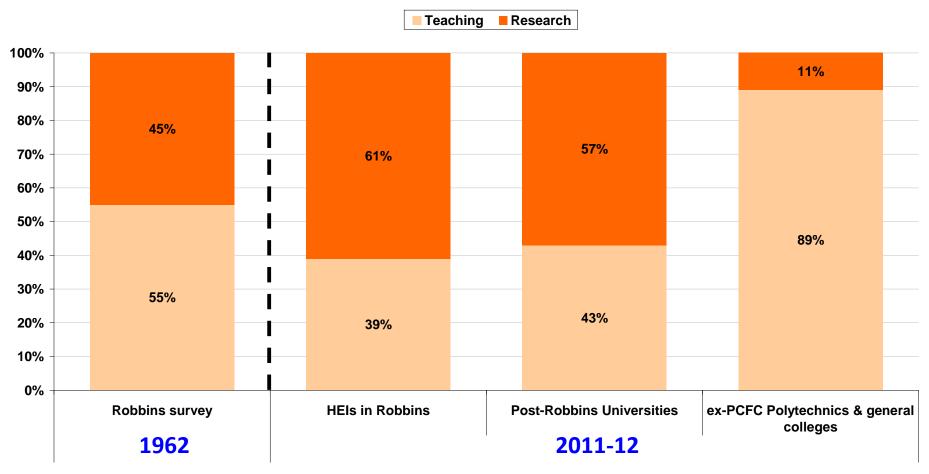
Time in lectures, seminars and similar 10

This is the percentage of time spent in different learning activities, by year for this course.



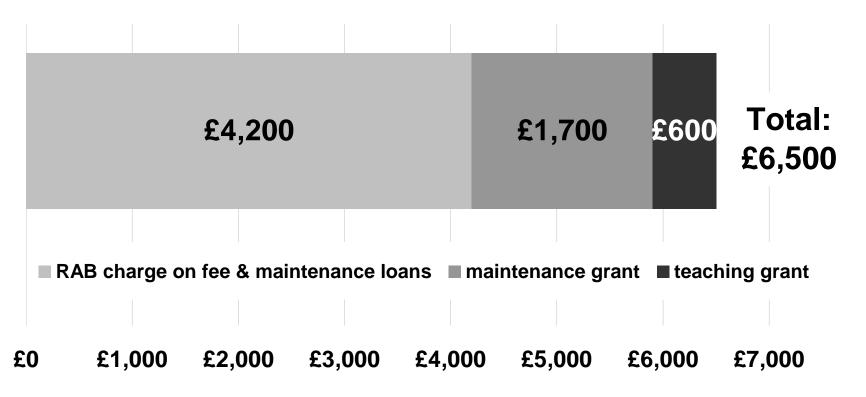
Time spent on teaching then and now

Teaching:Research split based on survey data and expenditure data sourced from TRAC



Funding Higher Education

Estimated average public cost for new system students in 2014/15



LSE Lionel Robbins Conference public discussion, in association with the LSE Institute of Public Affairs



Shaping Higher Education 50 Years after Robbins: what views to the future?

Dr Bahram Bekhradnia

Director, Higher Education Policy Institute

Rajay Naik

Director of Government and External Affairs. Open University

David Willetts MP

Minister for Universities & Science

Professor Craig Calhoun

Chair, LSE

Suggested hashtag for Twitter users: #LSERobbins

